**Period 6 ESPIRIT Chart - Changes associated with the development of Civilization**

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| Economic | * The Middle East came up with cuneiform which slowly spread across the world when the Sumerians came up with their own alphabet and soon the Egyptians, Indians and Chinese adopted their own writing. * Trade was between Mesopotamia and the Indian and Chinese civilizations. - * The Mesopotamia civilization was based on a more capitalist government while the Egyptian civilization was based on a socialist government. |
| Social | - Agricultural groups grew large enough for several people to specialize in jobs, thus leading to a separation in social classes amongst economic identification- Is this Social or Economic? ->  - Social Distinctions often include Slaves, Monarchy, Nobles, and economic distinctions.. Such as in Egyptian times where pharoahs were playing the lead role in politics- Good any examples that stand out?  - Due to population growth the need for childcare became urgent, thus pushing woman towards a more subordinate way of life. But prior to this, distinction between genders weren’t easily recognizable- What about PRIOR TO THIS? |
| Political | - Communities, rather than isolated farms, formed because need for manpower to create irrigation systems, take care of farms etc.  - Early communities appointed a leader or ‘king’ with divine status.  - Military and political structures were formed. - Example? From the time! Catal Huyuk  - Government began collecting tributes and taxes from subjects.  - Hammurabi establishes formal code of law. - develop this  - Sumer were the first to have city-states with formalized boundaries. |
| Interactions | * Mesopotamians had trading roots within the due to the civilization based along it, thus helping its growth * They did make trading contact with other middle eastern civilization and India. * Most people lived in a really congested area and that attracted diseases so they started to spread. |
| Religious | * Catal Huyuk people had strong religious belief. The houses there contemplated those beliefs through the images of the “mother Goddesses” * Sumerians had religious rituals, cities have a patron god and erected impressive shrines to please and honors cities (**Polytheism**) |
| Intellectual developments | * cuneiform - Explain - Sumerian alphabet * advancement of mathematics |
| Technology | * irrigation systems * pottery -> potter wheel/basket-weaving * slash and burn agriculture * metal work/development of metal tools * population growth - any evidence??? - why? * wood crafting |